# 03 TR 400.

204

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

**DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. <u>52400.1.STR03T1B</u> (P-5204) F.A. PROJ. <u>FRA-FR-HSR</u>-0086-10-01-00 COUNTY GUILFORD

PROJECT DESCRIPTION SR 2819 (MCLEANSVILLE ROAD) GRADE SEPARATION OVER NS/NCRR RAILROAD FROM SR 2826 TO NORTH OF SR 2746

SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE ON McLEANSVILLE RD OVER NCRR CORRIDOR BETWEEN US 70 AND HUFFINE MILL RD

STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. 52400.1.STR03T1B (P-5204)

#### CAUTION NOTICE

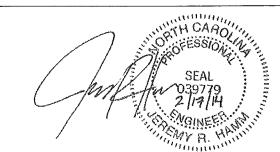
THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARBOUS FIELD BORNE LOSS, ROOK SOLD LEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE M. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, COTTECHNICAL EMONEMENTS UNIT AT 1987 1977-8650. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A CEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETHEEN BORNOS OR BETHEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA MAID THE IN SITU WIN-PLACED TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOSITUME CONDITIONS NIOLATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTUME CONDITIONS ONLY ANY CONSIDERABLY WITH THIS ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS NIVELED TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS TO THE CONDITIONS ONLY DATA OF THE MAIN OF THE MA

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MAIN CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT, FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DECLIVENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DETAIL MENT OF A GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR DENIND OF THE INVESTIGATION ADDE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR DENIND OF THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR AS THE DETAIL AS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR STATISTY HURSELE AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE NDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

_	C. V. NORVILLE
	J. R. HAMM
	W. S. HUNSBERGER
	T. E. EVANS
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INVESTIGATED BY	WSH, JRH
CHECKED BY	CVN
SUBMITTED BY	
DATE	

**PERSONNEL** 



NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS. OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

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LEGEND SITE PLAN

**PROFILE** 

SHEET

 PROJECT REFERENCE NO.
 SHEET NO.

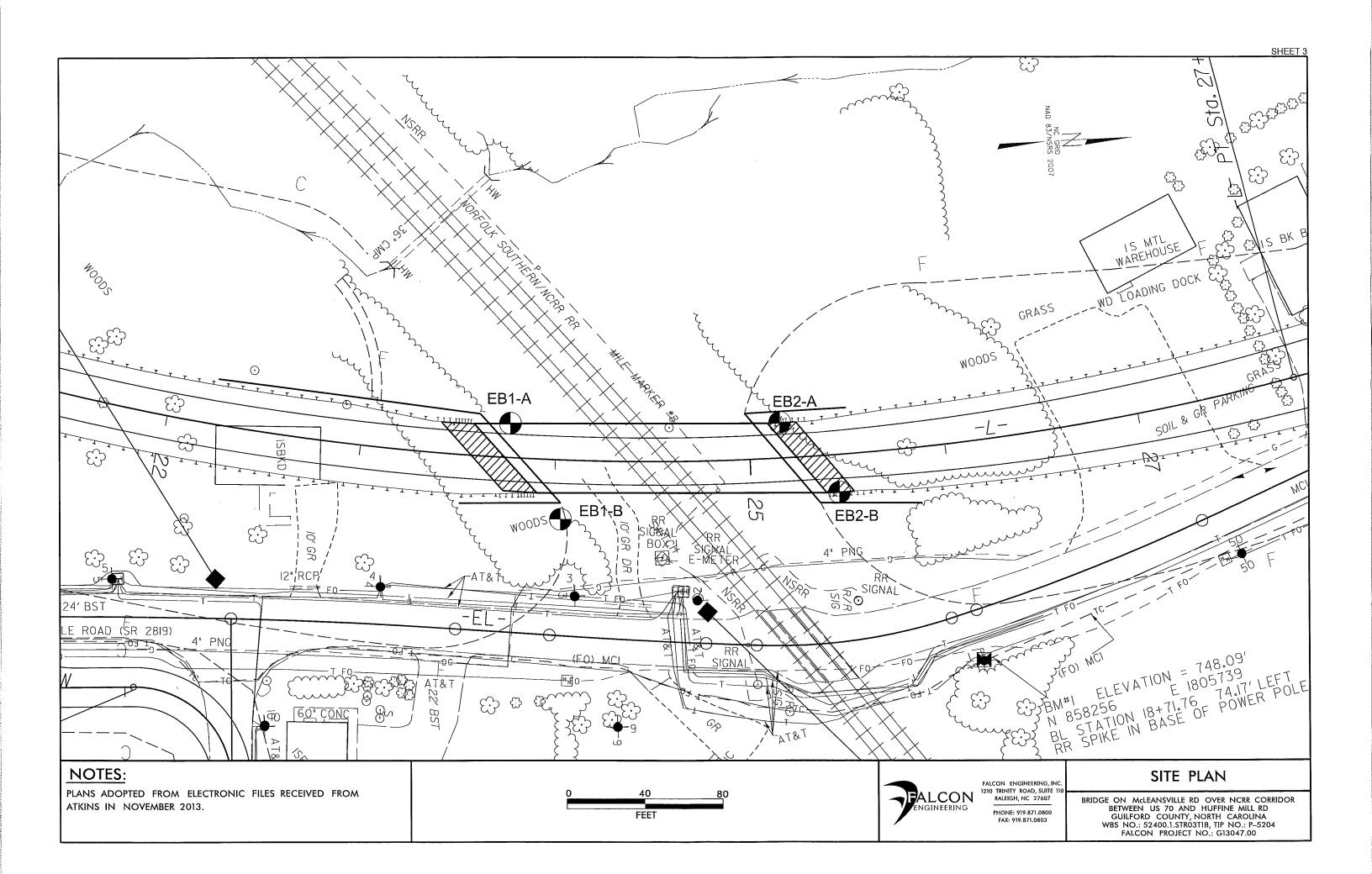
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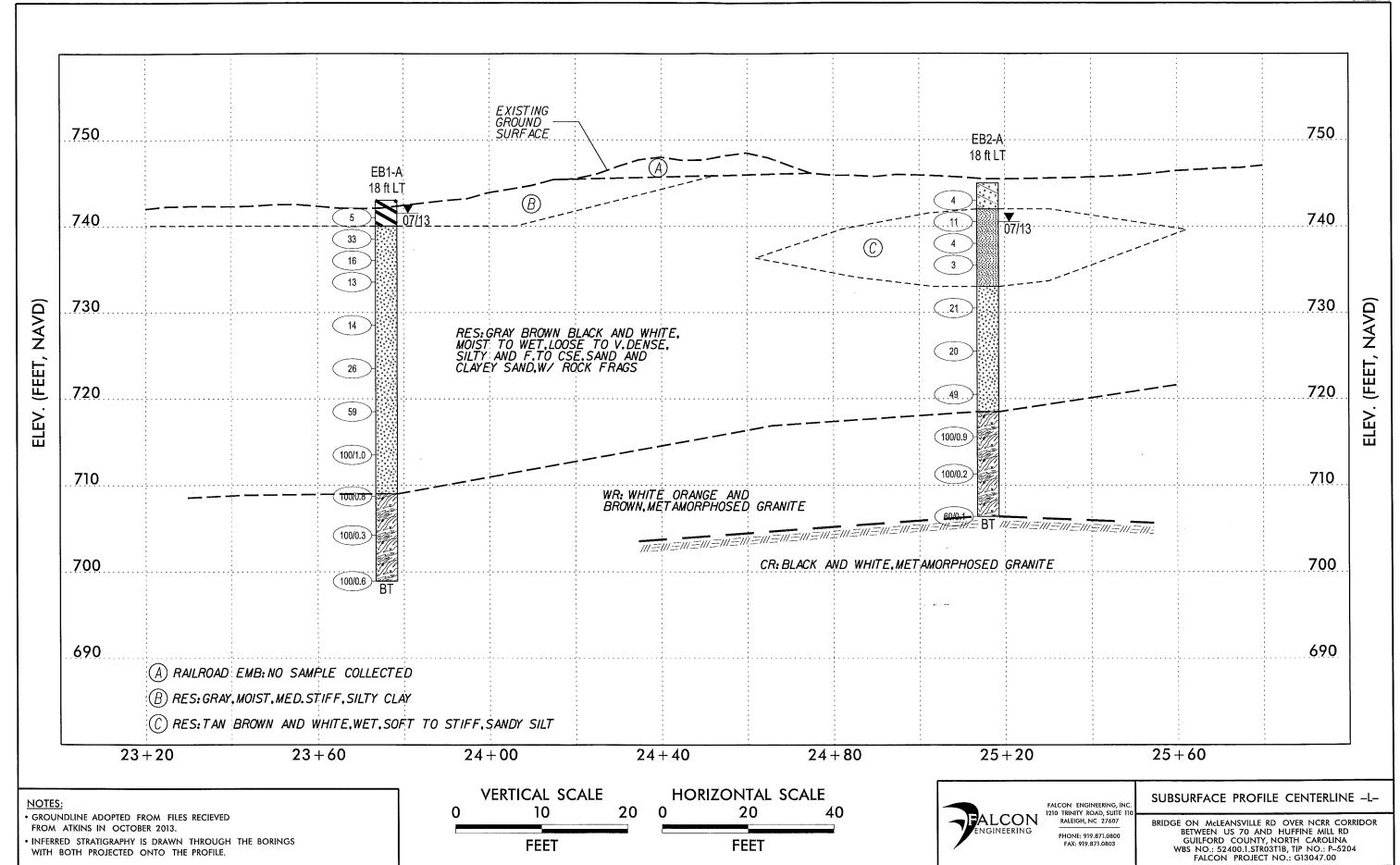
# NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

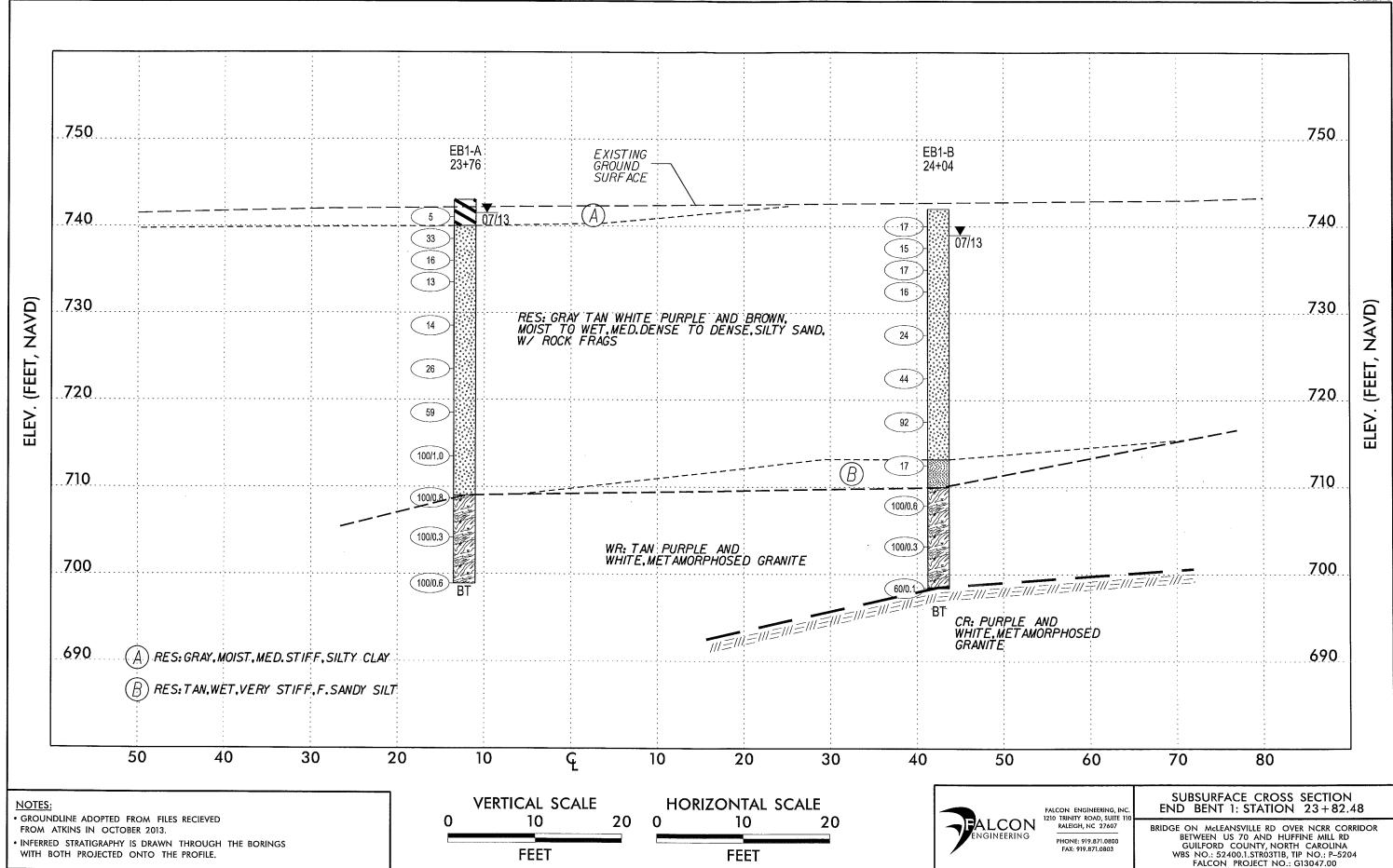
#### GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

# SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

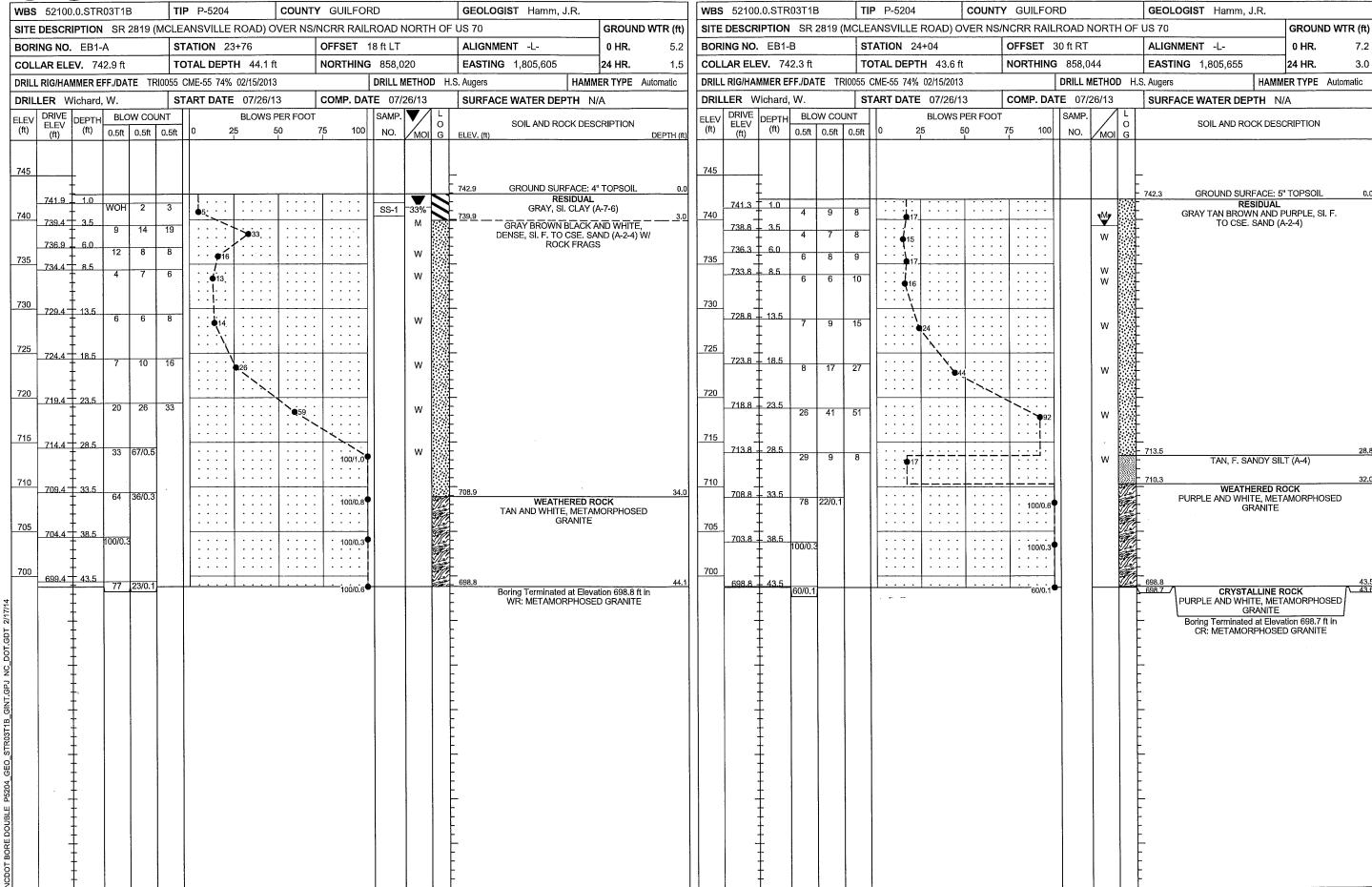
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS							
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION <u>WELL GRADED</u> - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FININGERM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME S	ROCK	DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS			
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLICHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 120 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM, BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:  VERY STAF, GAN, SICT CAN, DOST WITH METEREDED FAE SHID LIVERS, HOW PLASTED, A-7-6	HABO ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THA ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON- SPI REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITI OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOL	AT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL,  SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN Ø, FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. ION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE LOWS:  PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.  AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.  ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.  ARGILACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS. OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.  ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL				
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION  GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS CLASS. (\$\leq 35\% PASSING *200) (> 35\% PASSING *200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL OGICAL COMPOSITION  MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN I WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	DECEDIBITIONS	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) FINE TO COARS WOULD YIELD S GNEISS, GABBRO	E GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT  PT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,  J, SCHIST, ETC.	AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.  CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.		
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-1-a A-3 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY  SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE  MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE  LIQUID LIMIT EDUAL T	HAN 31	ROCK (NCR) SEDIMENTARY R	E GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN  OCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE  LITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.  SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	COLLUYIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.		
SYMBOL	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIGUID LIMIT GREATER PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	R THAN 50	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, F (CP) SHELL BEDS, ET	ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - YOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.  DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT		
10	ORGANIC MATERIAL         GRANULAR SILT - CLAY           SOILS         SOILS           TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER         2 - 3%         3 - 5%         TRACE	MATERIAL 1 - 10%		JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.  OIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE		
LIQUID LIMIT		10 - 20%	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STALL	NED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, ACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	HORIZONTAL. <u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) -</u> THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.		
GROUP INDEX 8 8 8 0 4 MX 8 MX 12 MX 16 MX No MX  USUAL TYPES STONE FRACS. OF MAJOR GRAVEL, AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS GRAVEL, AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS  GRAVEL AND SAND GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS	GROUND WATER  WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING		SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAIN (SLI.) I INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CL	NED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO LAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR D. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FAULY - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.  FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.		
MATERIALS SAND SAND DARKE AND SAND SOLES SOLES  GEN. RATING AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE SUBGRADE	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS  VPW PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRA		(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS AI DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AI	I DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS, IN RE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS NO SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.  FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY		
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30  CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	SPRING OR SEEP  MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS		SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SH	D OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL OW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	THE STREAM.  FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN		
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY RANGE OF STANDARD RANGE OF UNCONFINED PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (N-VALUE) (TONS/F12 )	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) SPT DET DWT TEST BORING WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION	W/ CORE	<u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSA</u>	OGIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK.  OOR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED.	THE FIELD.  JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.		
GENERALLY VERY LOOSE (4 CONTROL OF CONTROL O	SOIL SYMBOL . AUGER BORING  ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER	— SPT N-VALUE		RANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME 3 ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL-EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.		
MATERIAL DENSE 30 TO 50 VERY DENSE >50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT  INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY  MONITORING WELL		VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORE (V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED	TO OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK E OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR	MOTILED (NOT). I RREGULARLY MARKED MITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS.MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD BRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN		
VEHY SUP   C2   C0.25	INFERRED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION		VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC	BRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF ONT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.  RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.		
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 32 2 TO 4 HARD >30 >4	25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION  CONE PENETROMETER TE		ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS  C HARDNESS	ROCK DUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE           U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE         4         10         40         60         200         270	ROCK STRUCTURES  CONE PENETROMETER TE  SOUNDING ROD	-		R SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE ISAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.		
OPENING (MM) 4,76 2,90 6,42 6.25 6.675 6.653	ABBREVIATIONS  AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED, - MEDIUM VS	ST - VANE SHEAR TEST		CK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.		
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WI CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY	YANE SHEAT TEST  YEA WEATHERED  Y - UNIT WEIGHT  Z - DRY UNIT WEIGHT		CK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0,25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE OLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.		
SIZE IN. 12 3 SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CSE CDARSE ORG ORGANIC DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST	SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS		NCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	STANDARD PENETATION TEST (PENETATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 8.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.		
SOIL MOISTURE SCALE (ATTERBERG LIMITS)  FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION  - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY S	S - SPLIT SPOON T - SHELBY TUBE IS - ROCK		Y BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAYATED IN FRAGMENTS  SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PRESSURE.	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SAEC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
CSAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE  PLASTIC  SEMISOLID: REQUIRES DRYING TO	FRAGS FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CI HI HIGHLY V - VERY	RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL BR - CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO		E EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH IKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.		
HANGE - WET - (W) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJE	CT	FRACTURE SPACING	BEDDING	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.		
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL. SKRINKAGE LIMIT	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCEND TODES	MER TYPE: AUTOMATIC MANUAL	TERM	TERM	BENCH MARK:   BM#1: RR SPIKE IN BASE OF POWER POLE : -BL- STA 18+71,76, 74.17' LT   N 858256 ft E 1805739 ft   ELEVATION: 748.09 FT.		
- DRY - (D) REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	6' CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE	: SIZE: -8	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	NOTES: FIAD - FILLED-IN AFTER DRILLING		
PLASTICITY	CME-45C HARD FACED FINGER BITS	-N		DURATION  NING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.			
PLASTICITY INDEX (P)) DRY STRENGTH NONPLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW		-н	nuntas	NING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.			
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT	CASING W/ ADVANCER HANT	D TOOLS:	GENTLE	BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.			
MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH  COLOR	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH TRICONE TRICONE TRICONE TRICONE.	POST HOLE DIGGER HAND AUGER	BREAKS	CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE: S EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.			
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY), MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	CORE BIT	SOUNDING ROD  VANE SHEAR TEST	DIFFICE EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP	S ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE; ULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; E BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.			

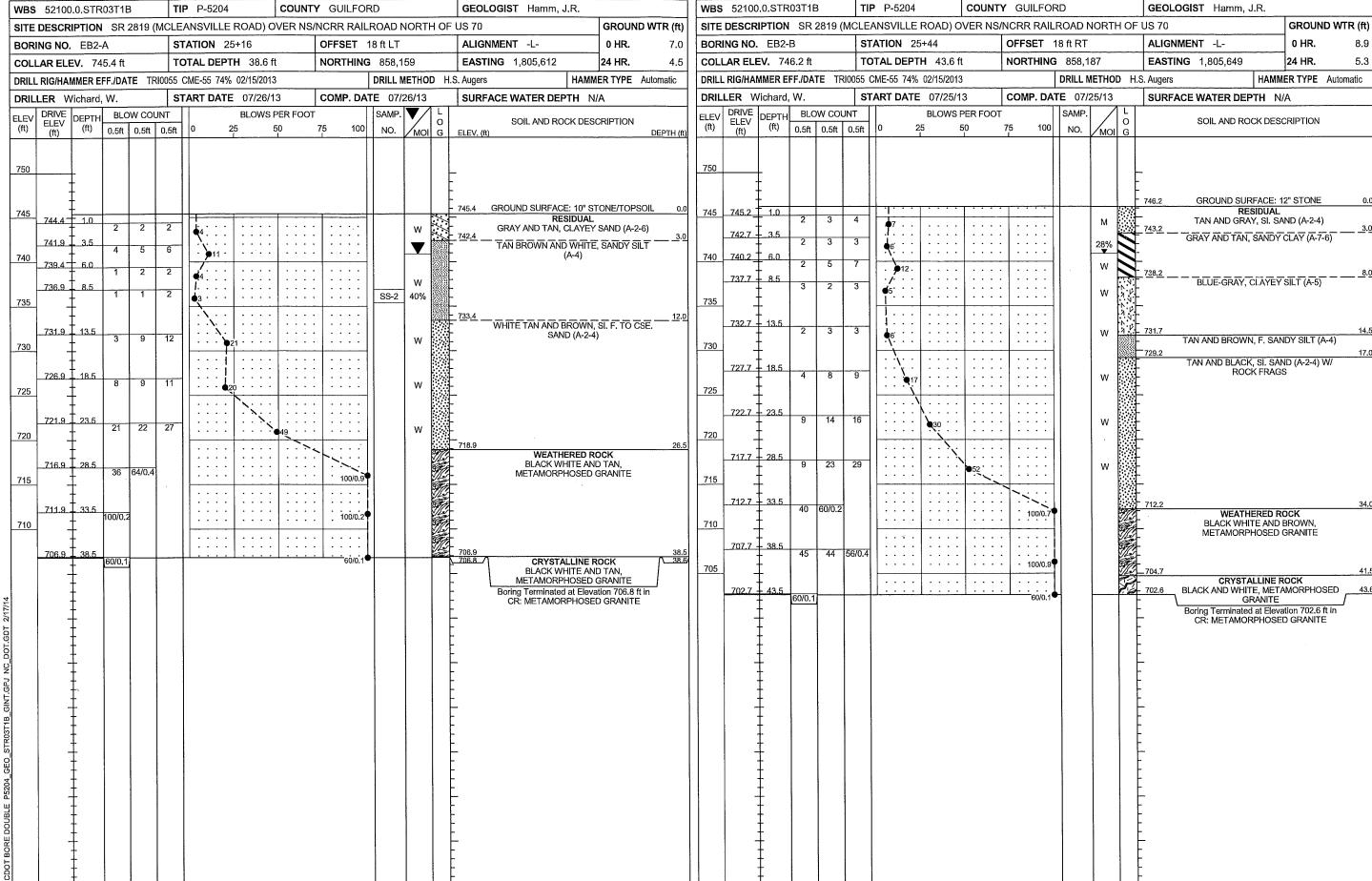












SHEET 9

**FALCON** 

1210 TRINITY ROAD, SUITE 110, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27607

#### AASHTO SOIL CLASSIFICATION AND GRADATION SHEET

#### SR 2819 (McLEANSVILLE ROAD) OVER NS/NCRR RAILROAD NORTH OF US 70

WBS: 52400.1.STR03T1B, TIP NO.: P-5204

GUILFORD COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FALCON ENGINEERING, INC. PROJECT NO: G13047.00

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BOI	RING	SAMPLE	TOTAL SAMPLE		Attachang Limit Toot Booklin			Natural Moisture		
AA	SHTO Classifica	ition	PEI	RCENT PASS	SING	Atterberg Limit Test Results		Content		
STATION	OFFSET (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	#10	#40	#200	LL	PL	Pi	%	
EE	31-A	SS-1	and the body of the body and the second second second						enterminen kerkan oppositer oppositer oppositer	
	A-7-6(32)		94	88	73	67	24	43	33.3	
23+76	18 ft LT	0-1.0								
EE	EB2-A SS-2									
	A-4(0)		97	73	45	49	NP	NP	39.8	
25+16	18 ft LT	8.5-10.0								
EB2-B SS-3										
	A-7-6(38)		96	96 87	70	81	28 53	53	27.6	
25+44	18 ft RT	3.5-5.0					i			

SIGNATURE

105-03-0803

Notes:

= Liquid limit= Plastic limit  $\mathsf{PL}$ 

= Plasticity index = LL - PL PΙ

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

## **STRUCTURE** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. <u>52400.1.STR03T1B</u> COUNTY <u>GUILFORD</u> PROJECT DESCRIPTION SR 2819 (MCLEANSVILLE RD) OVER NS/NCRR RAILROAD NORTH OF US 70 SITE DESCRIPTION . WALL -R1-STA.10+00.00 TO 12+30.35WALL -R2-STA, 10+00.00 TO 11+48.83

#### RETAINING WALLS

STATE STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHER 52400.1.STR03T1B (P-5204)

#### **CAUTION NOTICE**

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PREPARING THE SCOPE OF WORK TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, F.A. PROJ. FRA-FR-HSR-0086-10-01-00 GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK

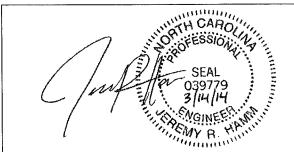
> SOIL AND ROCK BOUNDARIES WITHIN A BOREHOLE ARE BASED ON GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION UNLESS ENCOUNTERED IN A SAMPLE. INTERPRETED BOUNDARIES MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA, AND BOREHOLE INFORMATION MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS, INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

> THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, OR THE OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTE THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.
- NOTE BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

NORVILLE, C. V.
HAMM, J. R.
HUNSBERGER, W. S.
TRIGON
INVESTIGATED BY JRH, WSH
CHECKED BY NORVILLE, C. V.
SUBMITTED BY FALCON ENG.
DATE MARCH 2014

PERSONNEL



NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

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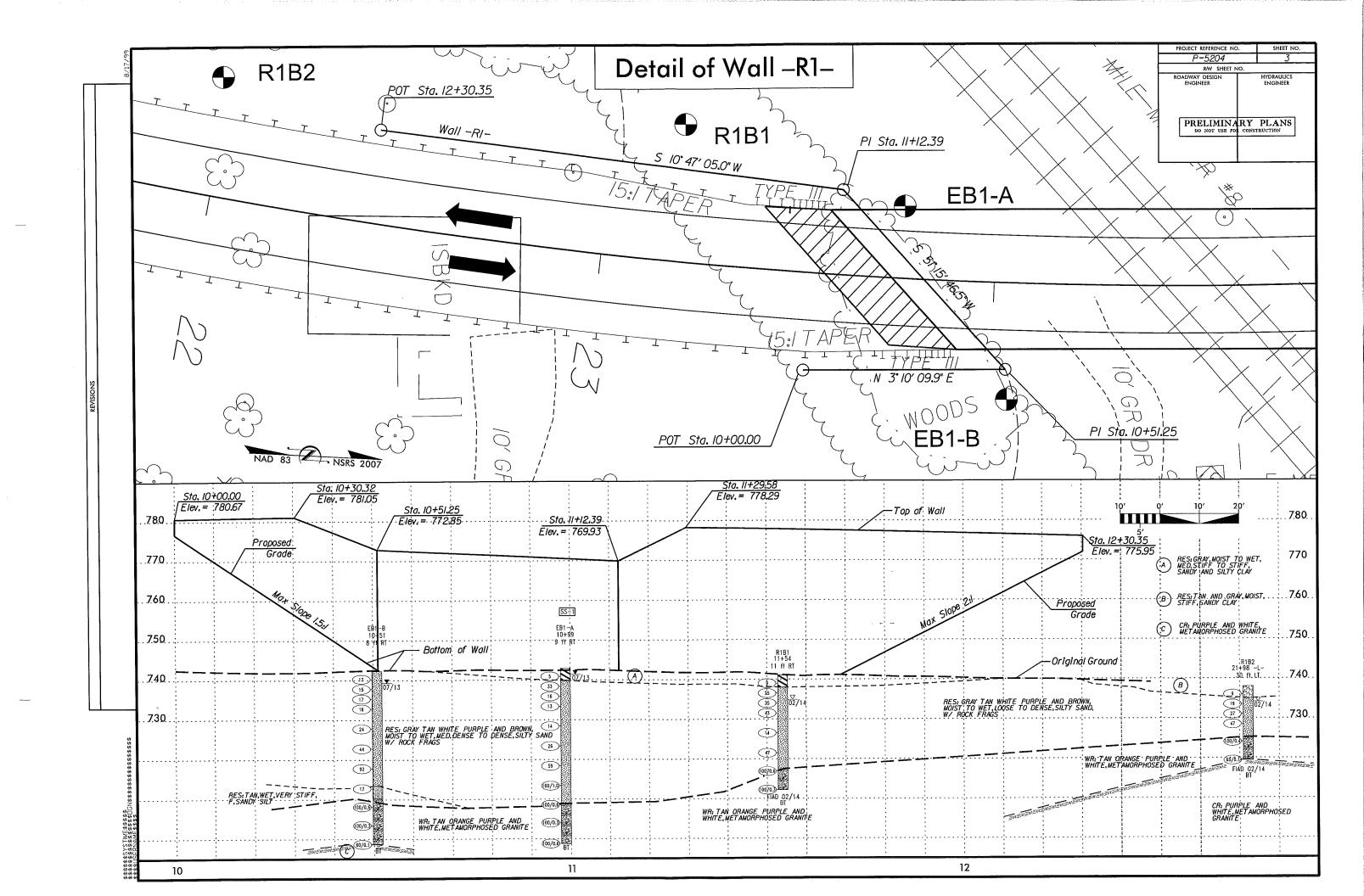
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SH 52400.I.STRO3TIB

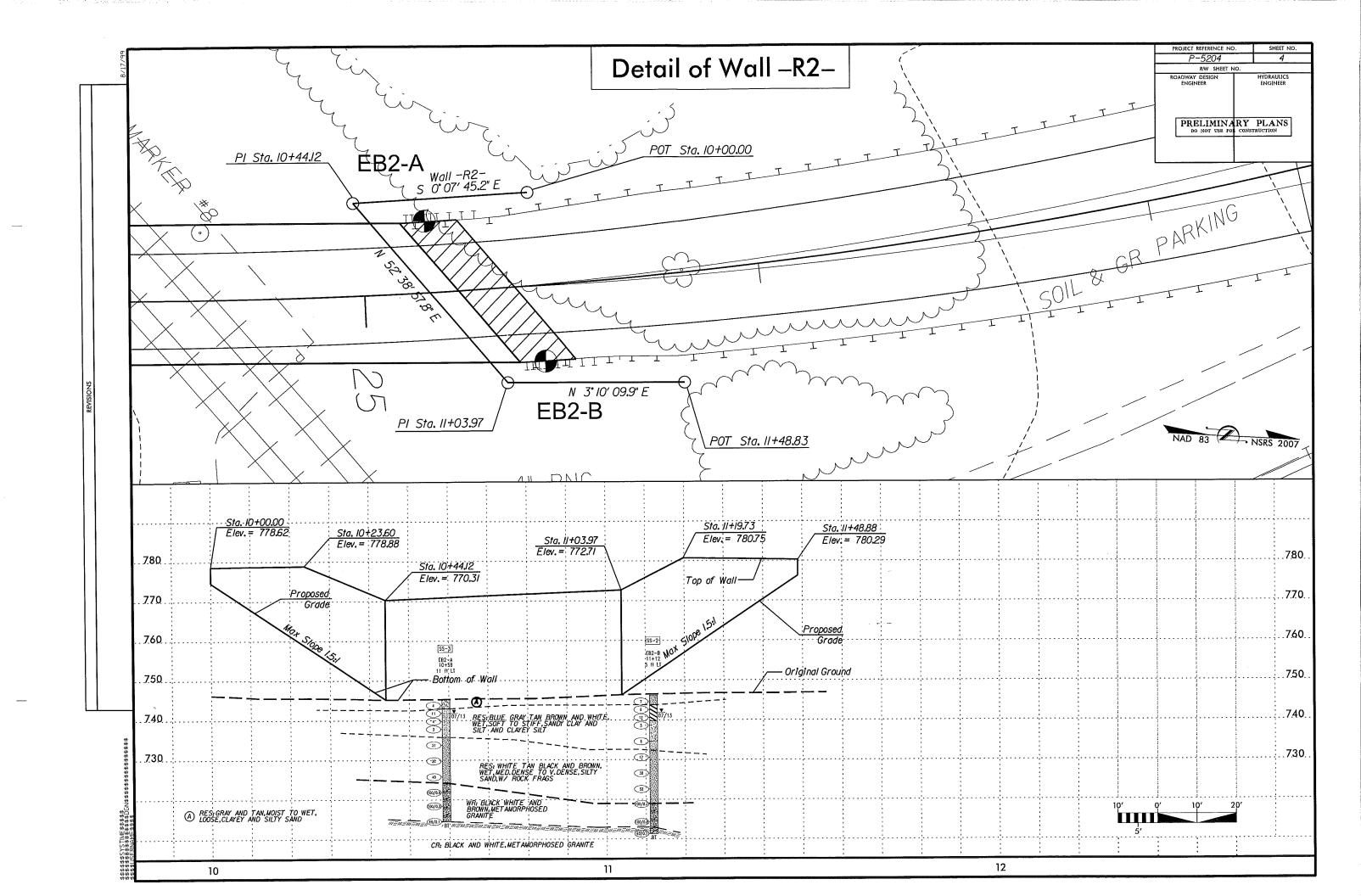
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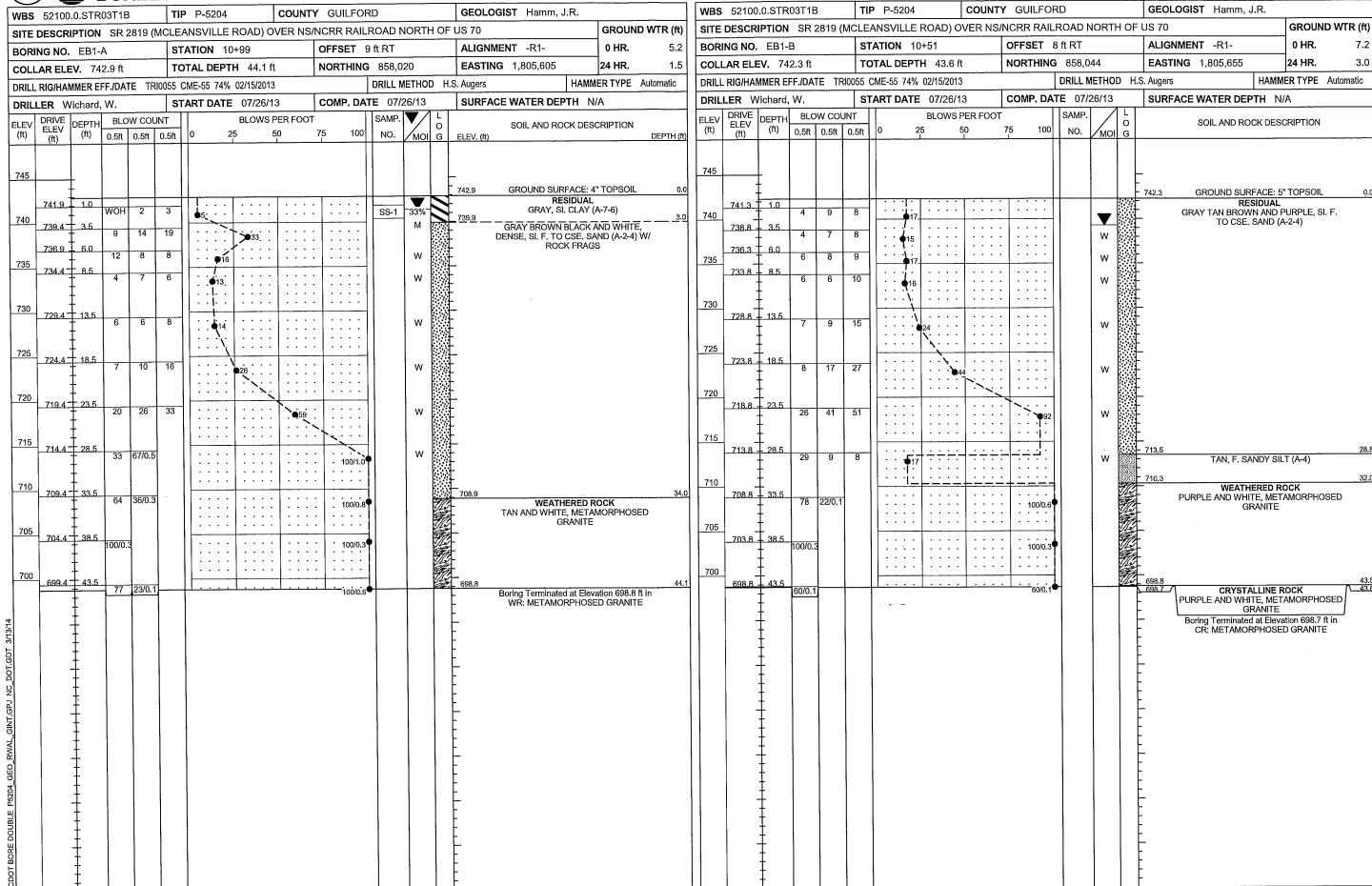
#### GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

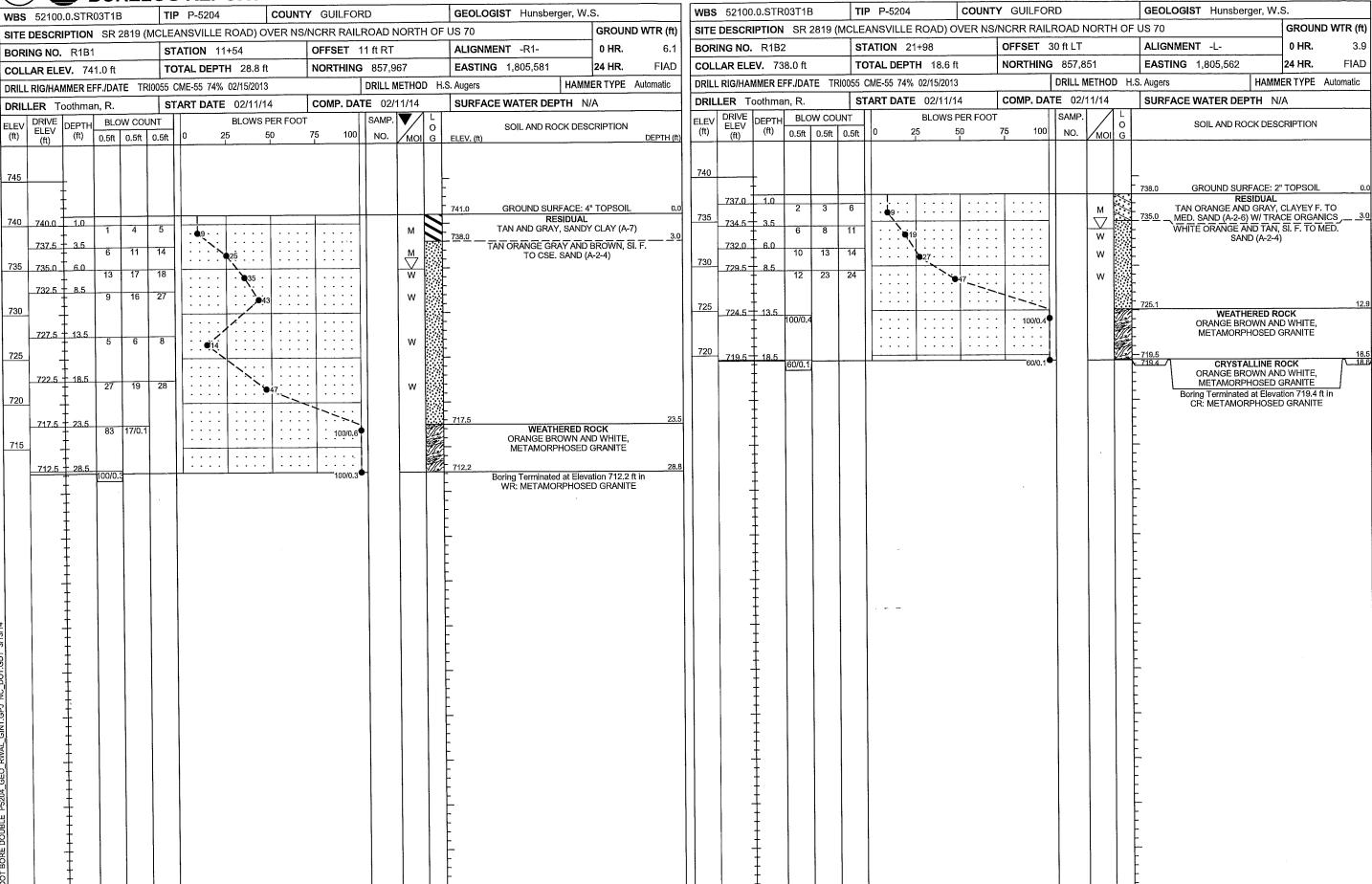
#### SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

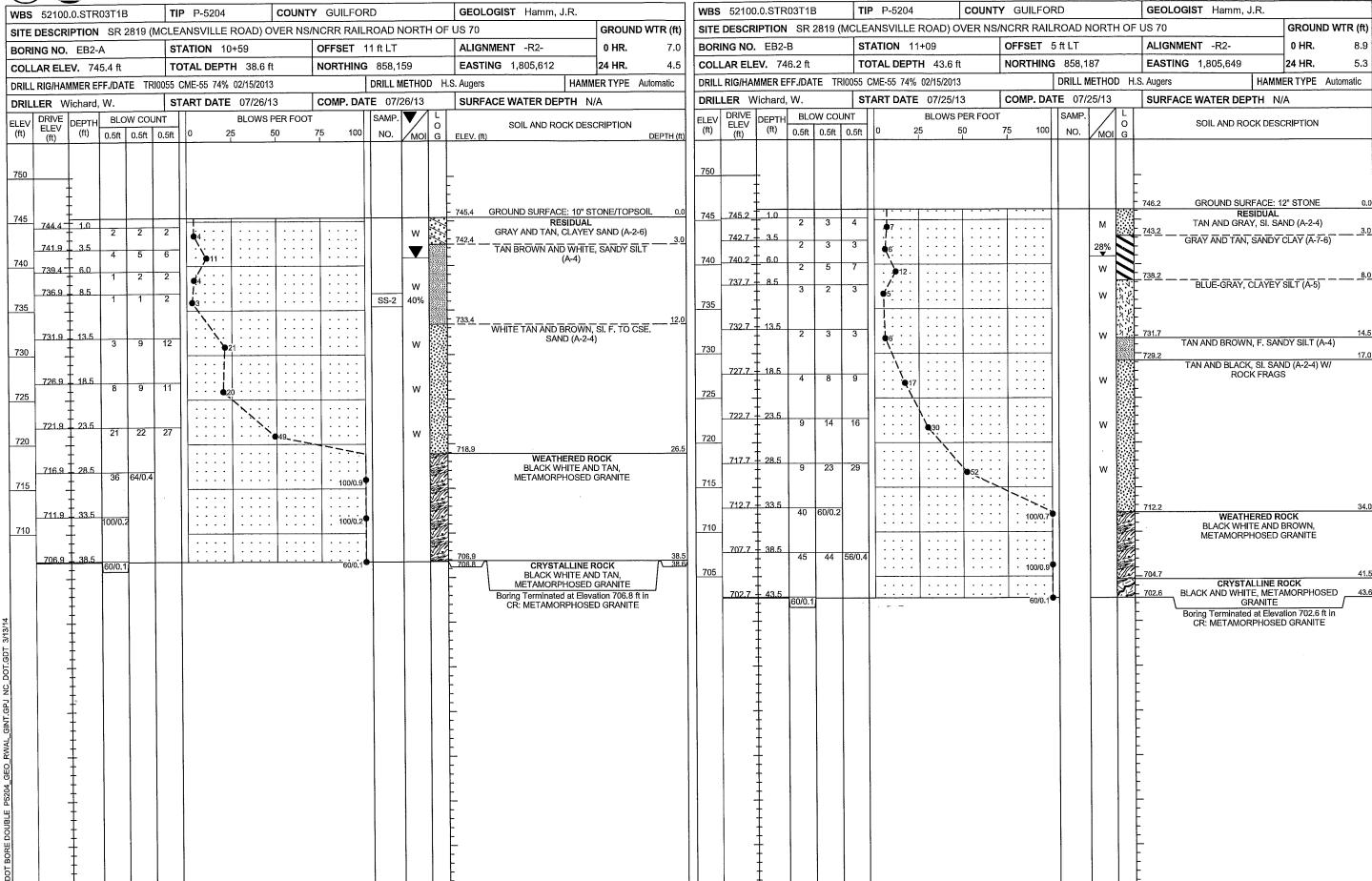
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS								
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS					
	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE, UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVJUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.					
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN	POORLY GRADED)	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.	AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.					
100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586), SOIL	GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.  ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.	ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.					
I CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHID CLASSIFICATION, AND DIRECT PERTURNIT PHOTONS SOCI	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR.	ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.					
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:  YEAR STUFF, GRASSITY CLASSICATI WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LIVERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6	SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	WEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 ROCK (WR) BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED.	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL					
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	THE TO COADES COADES COADES AND METAMORPHIC POCK THAT	AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE					
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)  WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GREISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.	GROUND SURFACE.  CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.					
CLASS. (≤ 35% PASSING *200) (> 35% PASSING *200)	WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM					
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7	COMPRESSIBILITY	NON-CHISTALLINE  ROCK (NCR)  SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YELLD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.					
CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL					
SYMBOL 000000000000000000000000000000000000	HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50  PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL	SEDIMENTARY ROCK SPT REFUSAL, ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC.	LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.					
% PASSING SILT- MUCK,	CRANII AR SILT - CLAY	WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.					
# 40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MN SOILS SOILS PEAT	ORGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE					
■ 200 15 MX 25 MX 10 MX 35 MX 35 MX 35 MX 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN 36 MN	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE,	HORIZONTAL.					
LIQUID LIMIT 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 48 MX 41 MN 50ILS WITH PLASTIC INDEX 6 MX NP 18 MX 11 MX 11 MN 11 MN 10 MX 18 MX 11 MN 11 MN 11 MN 11 TITLE OR	MODERATELY ORGANIC   5 - 10%   12 - 20%   SOME   20 - 35%     HIGHLY ORGANIC   >10%   >20%   HIGHLY   35% AND ABOVE	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, (V SLI.) CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	<u>DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) -</u> THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.					
MODERATE	GROUND WATER	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE.	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE					
AMOUNTS OF SOILS	■ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO 1 INCH. OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME DCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.					
USUAL TYPES STONE FRACS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC OF MAJOR GRAVEL AND SAND SOILS SOILS MATTER		CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.					
MATERIALS SAND SAND STATES AND SOLES	<b>-</b>	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.					
GEN. RATING AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY					
SUBGRADE	- OM- SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.  MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL	THE STREAM,					
PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30  CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN					
RANGE OF UNCONFINED		(MOD, SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK.  IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	THE FIELD.  JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.					
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR CONSISTENCY PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION  ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE)  WY CORE  TEST BORING  WY CORE	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED	<del></del> -					
VERY LOOSE 44	SOIL SYMBOL AUGER BORING — SPT N-VALUE	(SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL, IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME	LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.					
GENERALLY LOOSE 4 TO 10 GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE 10 TO 30 N/A	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER - CORE BORING (REF) SPT REFUSAL	EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.  IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.					
MATERIAL DENSE 30 10 50	THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT	VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.					
VERT DENSE 259	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY MONITORING WELL	(V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR	PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN					
VERY SOFT <2 (0.25  GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.50	INFERRED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER	VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.					
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0	INSTALLATION	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.					
MATERIAL STIFF B TO 15 1 TO 2 (COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4	SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK DUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND					
HARD >30 >4	25/825 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES CONE PENETROMETER TEST	ROCK HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.					
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE		VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE					
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	SOUNDING ROD	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	PARENT ROCK.  SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND					
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY, HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL					
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE	TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.  SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR					
(BLDR.) (COB.) (GR.) (CSE, SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED  CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT	HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLIP PLANE.					
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\gamma_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT	BY MODERATE BLOWS.  MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF					
SIZE IN. 12 3  SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	CSE, - COARSE ORG ORGANIC  DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS					
TITLD MOISTURE	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK	POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.  SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	THAN Ø,1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.					
SOIL MOISTURE SCREE  FIELD MOISTURE  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION  GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.					
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXI	PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.  L VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE, CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES I INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY					
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS MITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.					
PLASTIC SEMISOLID: REQUIRES DRYING TO	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	FINGERNAIL. FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	TOPSOIL (TS,) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.					
RANGE S - WET - (W) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	TERM THICKNESS	BENCH MARK; RR SPIKE IN BASE OF POWER POLE : -BL- STA. 18+71.16, 74.17' LT					
PLL + resolution	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:	TERM SPACING VERY THICKLY REDDED > 4 FEET	N 858256 ft E 1805739 ft					
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID; AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	MANUAL  CLAY BITS	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: 748.09 FT.					
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	6 CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET	NOTES:					
REQUIRES ADDITIONAL WATER TO - DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	BK-51 X 6' HOLLOW AUGERS -8	VERY CLOSE LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THINLY LAMINATED 4.008 FEET	FIAD - FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING					
PLASTICITY		INDURATION						
PLASTICITY  PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH		FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.						
NONPLASTIC 6-5 VERY LOW	CHE-ESQ	FRIABLE RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS;  GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.						
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT MED, PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM	CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:	CONTROL OF STREET, STR						
HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SHAPEE WITH STEEL PROBE;  BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.						
COLOR	X CME-55 TRICONE TUNG,-CARB, HAND AUGER	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;						
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.						
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.	THIL SHERR LEST	EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE;  SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.						
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SHEET 8

**FALCON** 

#### 1210 TRINITY ROAD, SUITE 110, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27607

#### AASHTO SOIL CLASSIFICATION AND GRADATION SHEET

#### SR 2819 (McLEANSVILLE ROAD) OVER NS/NCRR RAILROAD NORTH OF US 70

WBS: 52400.1.STR03T1B, TIP NO.: P-5204

# GUILFORD COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FALCON ENGINEERING, INC. PROJECT NO: G13047.00

	RING SHTO Classifica	SAMPLE		Atterberg Limit Test Results Moi		Atterberg Limit Test Results		Natural Moisture Content	
STATION	OFFSET (FEET)	DEPTH (FEET)	#10	#40	#200	LL	PL	PI	%
EB1-A SS-1			Control of the Contro						
	A-7-6(32)		94 88	88	73	67	24	43	33.3
10+99	9 ft RT	0-1.0							
EB	EB2-A SS-2		97	73	45	49	NP	NP	39.8
	A-4(0)								
10+59	11 ft LT	8.5-10.0						<u> </u>	
EB2-B SS-3									
	A-7-6(38)		96	6 87	70	81	1 28 53	53	27.6
11+07	8 ft LT	3.5-5.0							

SIGNATURE

105-03-0803

Notes:

Liquid limitPlastic limit PL

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Plasticity index = LL - PL